

$$\sin 2x + 2\sin x = 1 + \cos x$$

найти решения на промежутке  $[-4; -3]$

$$2\sin x \cdot \cos x + 2\sin x - \cos x = 1$$

$$2\sin x (\cos x + 1) = (\cos x + 1)$$

$$2\sin x (\cos x + 1) - (\cos x + 1) = 0$$

$$(\cos x + 1)(2\sin x - 1) = 0$$

$$2\sin x = 1$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi n$$

$$x = \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi n$$

$$\cos x + 1 = 0$$

$$\cos x = -1$$

$$x = \pi + 2\pi n$$

$$-4 \leq \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi n \leq -3$$

$$-4 - \frac{\pi}{6} \leq 2\pi n \leq -3 - \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$-\frac{2}{\pi} - \frac{1}{12} \leq n \leq -\frac{3}{2\pi} - \frac{1}{12}$$

$$-\frac{41}{60} \leq n \leq$$

Решений нет

$$-4 \leq \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi n \leq -3$$

$$-4 - \frac{5\pi}{6} \leq 2\pi n \leq -3 - \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

$$-\frac{2}{\pi} - \frac{5}{12} \leq n \leq -\frac{3}{2\pi} - \frac{5}{12}$$

$$-\frac{61}{60} \leq n$$

$$n = -1$$

$$x = \frac{5\pi}{6} - 2\pi = \pi \left(\frac{5}{6} - 2\right) = \pi \left(-\frac{7}{6}\right) = -\frac{7\pi}{6}$$

$$-4 \leq \pi + 2\pi n \leq -3$$

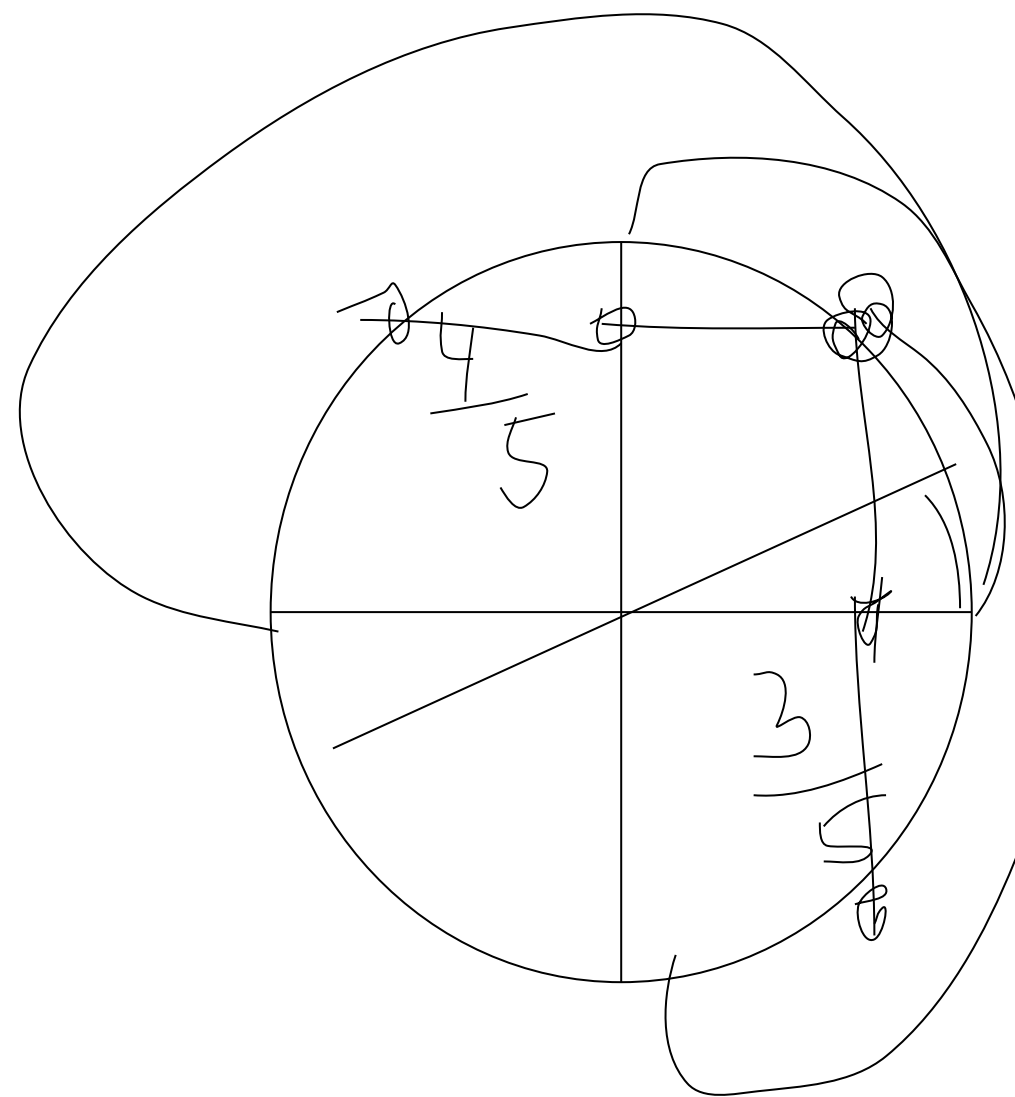
$$-4 - \pi \leq 2\pi n \leq -3 - \pi$$

$$-\frac{2}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \leq n \leq -\frac{3}{2\pi} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$n = -1$$

$$x = \pi - 2\pi = -\pi$$

Ответ:  $-\frac{7\pi}{6}; -\pi$



$$3\cos x + 4\sin x = 5\sin 3x$$

найти решения на промежутке  $[0; \frac{\pi}{2}]$

$$5 \cdot \left(\frac{3\cos x}{5} + \frac{4\sin x}{5}\right) = 5\sin 3x$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \cos t$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \sin t$$

$$t = \arcsin \frac{4}{5} = \arccos \frac{3}{5}$$

$$5(\sin x \cdot \cos t + \cos x \cdot \sin t) = 5\sin 3x$$

$$\sin(x+t) = \sin 3x$$

$$\sin(x+t) - \sin 3x = 0$$

$$\sin x - \sin y = 2\sin\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right)$$

$$2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{x+t-3x}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x+t+3x}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{x+t-3x}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x+t+3x}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{x+t-3x}{2}\right)$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{t-2x}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\frac{t-2x}{2} = \pi n$$

$$t-2x = 2\pi n$$

$$2x = t - 2\pi n$$

$$x = \frac{t}{2} - \pi n = \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)}{2} - \pi n$$

$$n=0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)}{2}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{x+t+3x}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\frac{4x+t}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi n$$

$$4x+t = \pi + 2\pi n$$

$$4x = \pi + 2\pi n - t$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi n}{2} - \frac{t}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi n}{2} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)}{4}$$

$$n=0 \quad x = \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)}{4}$$

Ответ:  $\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)}{2}; \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)}{4}$